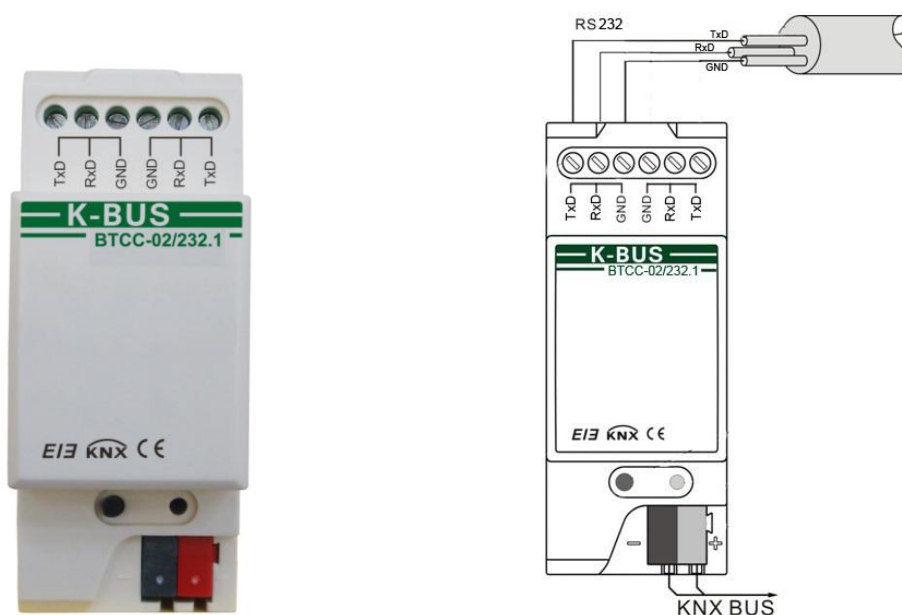


# K-BUS<sup>®</sup> RS232/ KNX Controller

## User manual-Ver.1

BTCC-02/232.1

KNX/EIB Intelligent Installation Systems



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## 1. Summary

The RS232/ KNX Controller is designed for an intelligent building control system, which is used to connect RS232 devices to KNX installation. As an interface device, it supports point to multipoint one-way communication and its maximum communication distance is 15m. The KNX/EIB bus control system can send a telegram to the RS232/ KNX Controller, and then transfer to the RS232 devices by the Controller. The control commands and the technical data are different from different devices with serial port, so you must know its commands and technical data, such as the baud rate etc, before configuring it. It is the only way that the relevant parameters can be set correctly for the RS232/ KNX Controller.

The RS232/ KNX Controller has two serial ports, they are called COM1 and COM2. It uses nonstandard connection, and each serial port only keeps three signal wires to achieve communication. The three signal wires are TxD, RxD and GND. The current version of the RS232/KNX Controller does not use RxD, only allow one-way communication via TxD and GND, and allow the cables to parallel in a serial port to control several devices.

The functions of the RS232/ KNX Controller are summarized as follows:

- Two serial ports with three wires, nonsupport flow control, and only support one-way communication.
- The two serial ports are independent, the length of data is fixed for 8bits, and stop bits and parity can be set individually.
- Support up to 64 serial port control commands which length could be up to 64 bytes and the baud rate and the COM port can be set individually.
- Up to 16 communication serials can be set, and each serial provides up to 6 control commands which could be sent to RS232 devices via COM1 or COM2.
- Each serial can be triggered via 1bit or 1byte communication object.

This manual provides the technical information about the RS232/ KNX Controller as well as assembly and programming in detail for users, and explains how to use the Controller by the application examples.

The RS232/ KNX Controller is a modular installation device. It can be installed in the distribution board on the 35 mm mounting rails according to EN 60 715. The device adopts screw terminal to achieve connecting with other devices with serial port, use EIB bus connection terminals to connect to the KNX/EIB system, and no need an extra voltage supply.

The RS232/ KNX Controller is able to use the Engineering Tool Software ETS (ETS3 or later) which can import a VD4 files to allocate the physical address and set the parameters.

## 2. Technical Properties & Dimension and Circuit Diagram

### 2.1 Technical data

<b>Power supply</b>	Operating voltage	21-30V DC, via the EIB bus
	Current consumption	<12mA
	Power consumption	<360mW
<b>Outputs</b>	Two serial ports with three lines, RxD, TxD, GND	
<b>Connections</b>	EIB / KNX	Bus connecting terminal (black/red)
	RS232 Interface	screw terminals
	Wire range	Single-core 0.2—6.0mm <sup>2</sup> Multi-core 0.2—4mm <sup>2</sup>
<b>Operating and display</b>	Red LED and push button	For assignment of the physical address
	Green LED flashing	Indicate the device running well
<b>Temperature range</b>	Operation	-5 °C ... + 45 °C
	Storage	-25 °C ... + 55 °C
	Transport	- 25 °C ... + 70 °C
<b>Ambient condition</b>	Humidity	<93%, except dewing
<b>Design</b>	Modular installation device, on 35 mm Din rail	
<b>Baud rate</b>	1200~115200 bps	
<b>Transmission range</b>	< 15m	
<b>Working mode</b>	one-way communication	
<b>Dimensions</b>	90×36×64mm (H×W×D)	
<b>Weight</b>	0.1kg	

Application program	Max. number of communication objects	Max. number of group addresses	Max. number of association addresses
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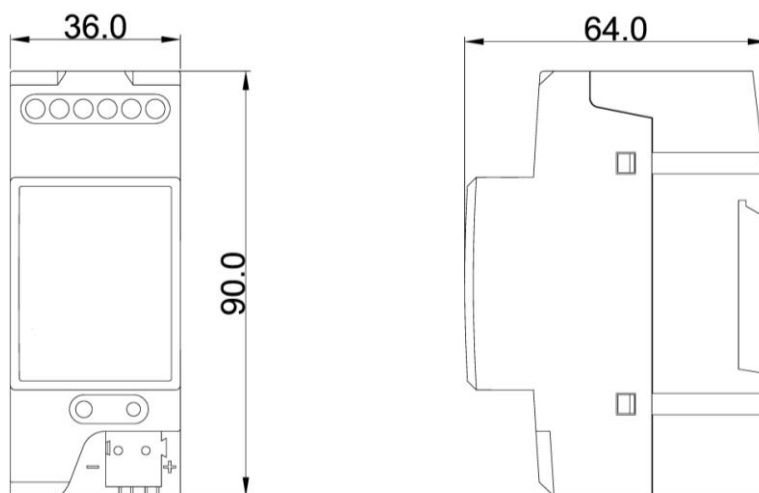
RS232/KNX controller

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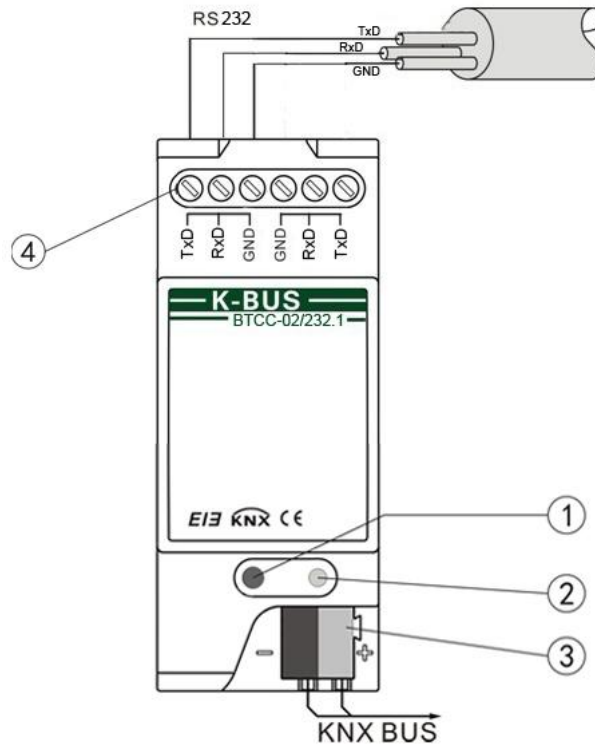
150

150

## 2.2 Dimension diagram



## 2.3 Circuit diagram



- ① Programming button
- ② Red LED for assigning the physical address, green LED flashing for display the application layer works well.
- ③ KNX / EIB bus connection terminals
- ④ RS232 serial ports connection terminals

### 3. Parameter setting description for the ETS

#### 3.1. Parameter window “General”

The parameter window “General” is shown in fig. 3.1. Here can be set whether to enable the serial ports of the RS232/KNX Controller and define the format of the control command. When the serial ports are enabled, but the control command is not activated or configured, the telegram that the serial port object receives is invalid. At the meantime, the command that is configured in the parameters must be the same as the command that the control device requires. Here also gives the notes of the format of control command and the download times.

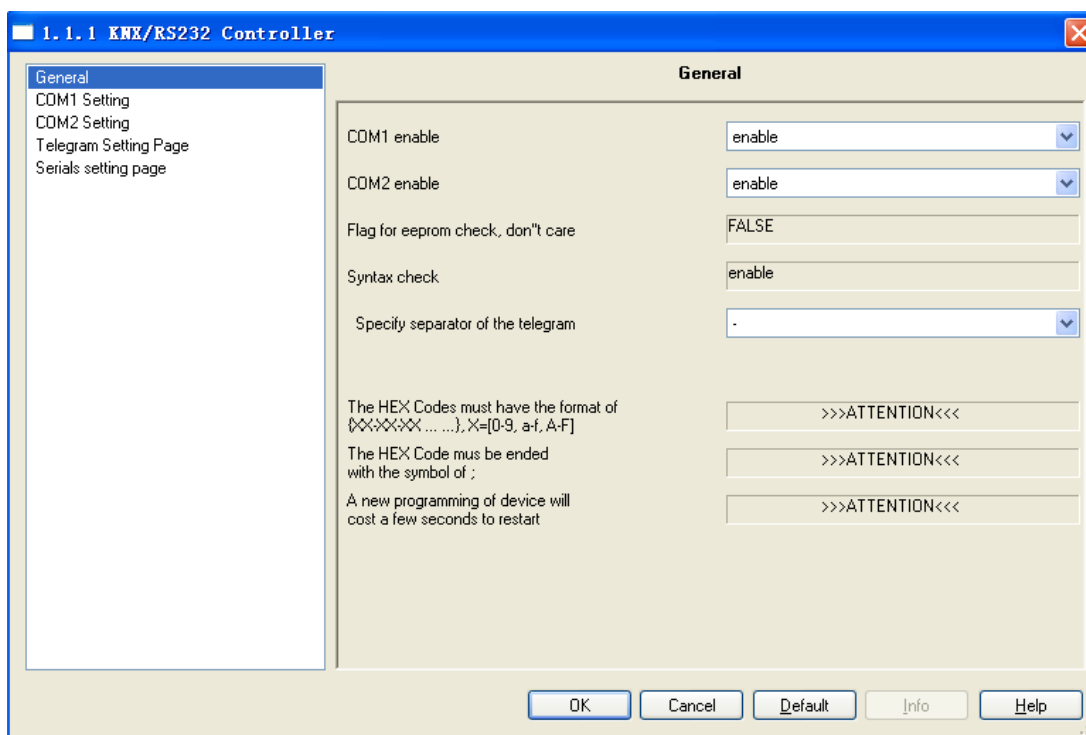


Fig.3.1 parameter window "General"

### Parameter "COM1/2 enable"

This parameter is used to enable the serial port COM1/2. Options:

Disable

Enable

If selecting the "enable" option, the parameter window "COM1/2 Setting" will be visible (as shown in fig.3.2), and the object "Telegram send via COM1/2" will be also visible.

*Note: When the serial ports are enabled, but the control command is not activated or configured in the parameter window "Telegram setting page", any values that the serial port object "Telegram send via COM1/2" receives are invalid.*

*If the parameter window "Telegram/serials setting page" has configured the control command, but the COM that connects with the controlled RS232 device is not enabled, the control command can be also not transmitted to the RS232 device successfully.*

*If the serial port that is configured in the parameter is not consistent with the port connected to the controlled RS232 device, transmission of control command will also fail.*

### Parameter "Flag for EEPROM check, don't care"

This parameter notes the flag of the EEPROM check. After the application program is downloaded completely, the EEPROM is signed for FLASE. User doesn't need to care this parameter.

**Parameter “Syntax check”**

This parameter notes syntax check is enable, so you must input the control command in strict accordance with the prescribed format. The command format is described in the following parameters.

**Parameter “Specify separator of the telegram”**

This parameter is used to define the separator of the control command. Options:

- 
- Space
- None

If you enter a control command in fig.3.3, according to the options, the input format can have three types: “0D-2A-70-6F-77-3D-6F-6E-23-0D;”, “0D 2A 70 6F 77 3D 6F 6E 23 0D;” or “0D2A706F773D6F6E 230D;”, the command must ends with a semicolon (;).

**Parameter “The HEX Codes must have the format of {XX-XX-XX... ..}, X=[0-9, a-f, A-F]”**

This is a note about the code of the control command. It is composed of hexadecimal code, and the HEX codes must have the format that is described in above parameter “Specify separator of the telegram”.

**Parameter “The HEX Codes must be ended with the symbol of;”**

This is a note that the control command (HEX Codes) must be ended with the symbol “;”.

**Parameter “A new programming of device will cost a few seconds to restart”**

This is a note that download the application program will take a few seconds to restart.

**3.2. Parameter window “COM1/2Setting”**

The parameter window “COM1/2 Setting” is shown in fig. 3.2. When the serial port is enabled, the window is visible, here can set word length, stop bits and parity for COM 1/2, and the word length is fixed to 8 bits.



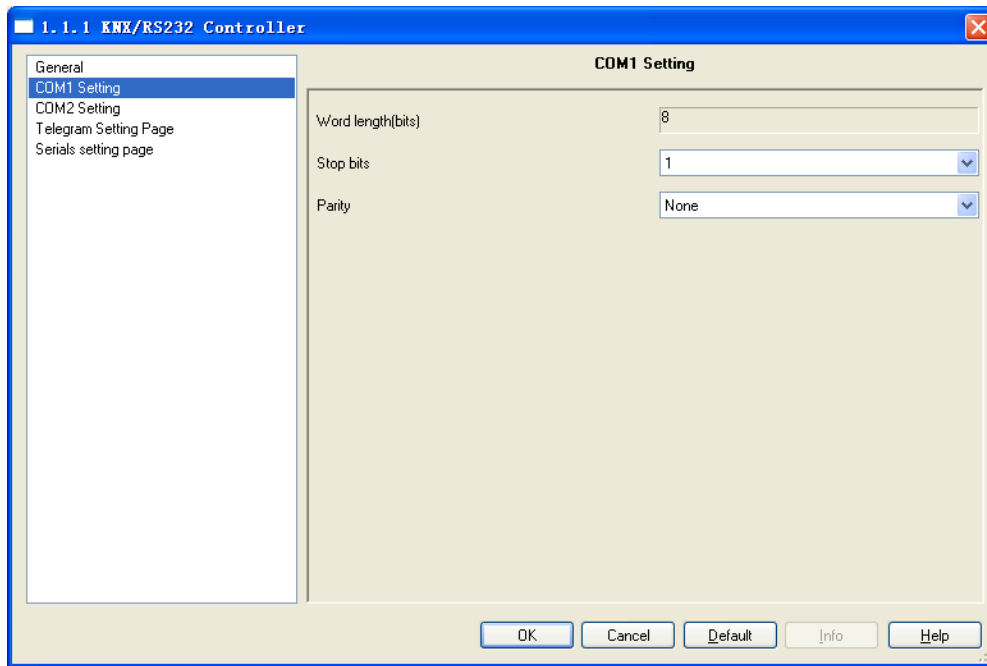


Fig. 3.2 Parameter window “COM1/2 Setting”

#### Parameter “Word length (bits)”

This parameter defines word length of data transmission as 8bits.

#### Parameter “Stop bits”

This parameter defines stop bits of data transmission. Options: 0.5/1/1.5/2

#### Parameter “Parity”

This parameter defines parity bit of data transmission. Options: None/Odd/Even

### 3.3. Parameter window “Telegram setting page”

The parameter window “Telegram setting page” is shown in fig. 3.3. If telegram is enabled, the parameters of window are visible. Here the telegram corresponding control command can be set and can be triggered via a 1bit or 1byte object. The control command must be the same as the command that the RS232 device required, or the control command from the controller will no effect.

For example, we control a projector with serial port via COM1 of the RS232/KNX Controller, if the command that open the projector is “0D 2A 70 6F 77 3D 6F 6E 23 0D; ”, the command that close the projector is “0D 2A 70 6F 77 3D 6F 66 66 23 0D; ”, the baud rate is 9600. Then we can assign the command “0D 2A 70 6F 77 3D 6F 6E 23 0D;” to the telegram 1 in the parameter “HEX Code of Telegram 1”, and assign the command “0D 2A 70 6F 77 3D 6F 66 66 23 0D;” to telegram 2 in the parameter “HEX Code of Telegram 2”, and set the baud rate of COM1 to 9600 for both telegrams in their parameters “Specify a fixed baud rate for this telegram”. When the object “Telegram send via COM1” or “Telegram1, 1bit” receives a specified value of telegram 1, the

RS232/KNX controller will send the control command of telegram 1 to the projector via COM1 with baud rate 9600 and open it; When the object “Telegram send via COM1” or “Telegram 2,1bit” receives a specified value of telegram 2, the RS232/KNX controller will send the control command of telegram 2 to the projector via COM1 with baud rate 9600 and close it. At the meantime, please notice that the control command must be inputted in strict accordance with the prescribed format.

The RS232/KNX controller can define up to 64 telegrams. In the parameter window cannot show setting of 64 telegrams at a time, when the control command is not enough, you can active telegram setting continually, until up to 64. For example, when you active the second telegram, the third telegram will be visible; when you active the third telegram, the fourth telegram will be visible. The follow parameter window “serial” setting is similar.

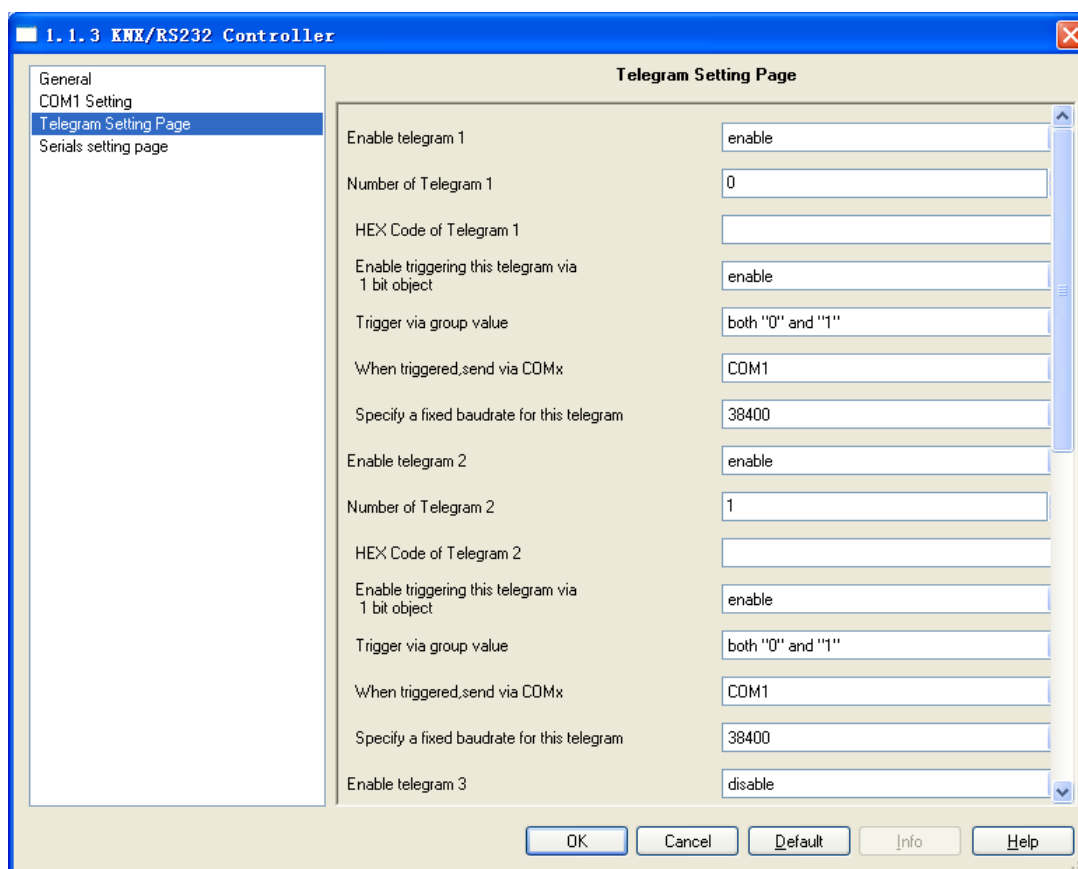


Fig. 3.3 Parameter window “Telegram setting page”

### Parameter “Enable telegram X (X=1~64)”

This parameter defines whether telegram X is enabled. Options:

Enable

Disable

If selecting “enable”, the following parameters will be visible about telegram X. You can find the detail from fig3.3

**Parameter “Number of Telegram X (X=1~64)”**

This parameter specifies a number to telegram X that means the object “Telegram send via COM 1/2” with the allocated number will trigger the control command of telegram X. Options: 0~ 255.

*Note: If the number is set more than once, i.e. it is also set in the parameters of other telegrams, in that way, only the first set is available. So it is best not to repeat the number.*

**Parameter “HEX Code of Telegram X (X=1~64)”**

This parameter defines the telegram X corresponding control command, these commands of serial port are hexadecimal code, and the format of command is described in chapter 3.1. The length of commands can be up to 64 bytes.

*Note: Before entering the HEX code, the user must know the control commands of the controlled RS232 device.*

**Parameter “Enable triggering this telegram via 1 bit object”**

This parameter defines whether a 1bit object is enabled. The object is also used to trigger the control command of telegram X. Options:

Enable

Disable

If selecting “enable”, the object “Telegram X, 1 bit” will be visible, and the following two parameters “Trigger via group value” and “When triggered, send via COM x” will be also visible.

If selecting “disable”, this telegram will be triggered only by a 1 byte object “Telegram send via COMx”.

**■ Parameter “Trigger via group value”**

This parameter specifies the value of the object “Telegram X, 1 bit”. When the object receives the value, the RS232/KNX controller will send the control command of telegram X to the controlled RS232 device. Options:

“0”

“1”

Both “0” and “1”

If selecting “0”, the RS232/KNX controller will send the control command of telegram X to the controlled RS232 device only with the value “0” received by the object “Telegram X, 1 bit”. No action with the value “1”.

If selecting “1”, the RS232/KNX controller will send the control command of telegram X to the controlled RS232 device only with the value “1” received by the object “Telegram X, 1 bit”. No action with the value “0”.

If selecting “both 0 and 1”, the RS232/KNX controller will send the control command of telegram X to the controlled RS232 device with the value “0” or “1” received by the object “Telegram X, 1 bit”.

■ **Parameter “When triggered, send via COM x”**

This parameter defines which port sends the control command triggered by the object “Telegram X, 1 bit”.

Options:

COM 1

COM2

*Note: If the serial port that is configured in the parameter is not consistent with the port connect to the controlled RS232 device, transmission of control command will fail.*

**Parameter “Specify a fixed baud rate for this telegram”**

This parameter is used to specify a baud rate for the control command of telegram X. The baud rate can be set to the same with the serial port of device under control. Options: one of the 11 baud rate range 1200 to 115200

*Note: Before selecting a baud rate, the user must know the baud rate of the controlled RS232 device, or else transmission of control command will fail.*

### **3.4. Parameter window “Serials setting page”**

The parameter window “Serials setting page” is shown in fig. 3.4. If Serial is enabled, the parameters of window are visible. Here can set 16 serials, each serial has up to 6 telegrams that can be set in the above parameter window “telegram setting page”, i.e. a serial includes max. 6 control commands. The serial can be triggered via a 1bit or 1byte object and sends to the related RS232 devices through COM1/2. The 6 telegrams in the serial can be combined arbitrarily, *but need have set correctly in the parameter window “telegram setting page”, or else are invalid.*

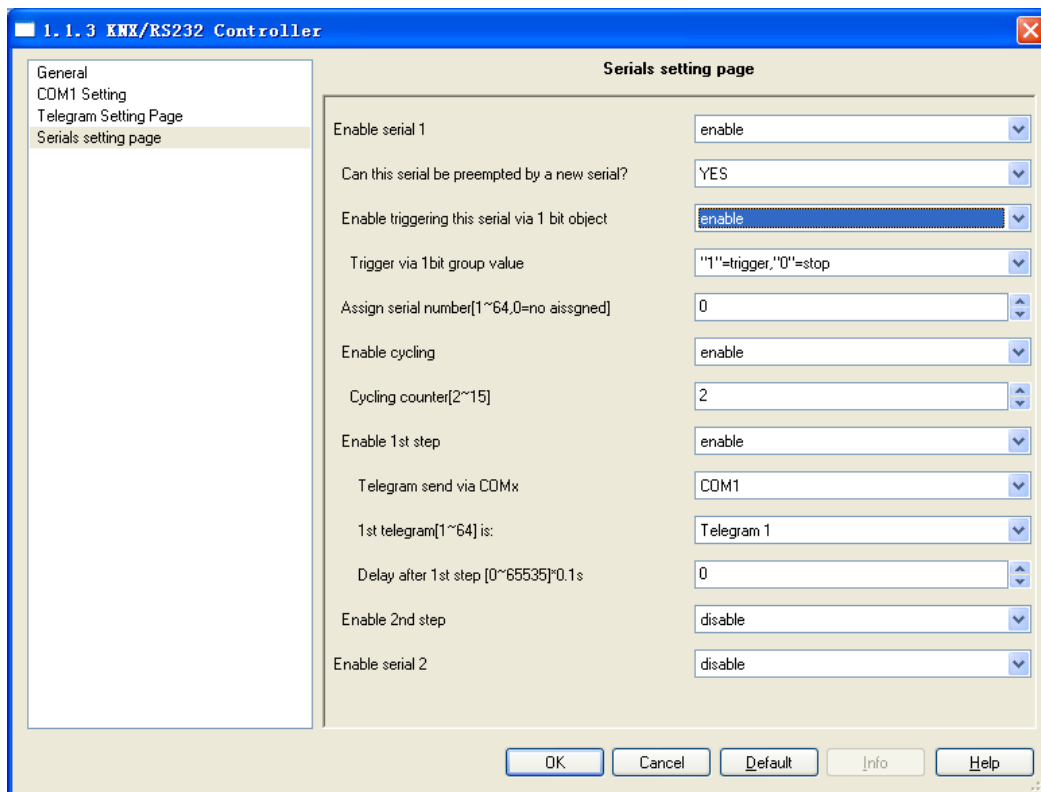


Fig. 3.4 Parameter window “Serials setting page”

### Parameter “Enable serial X (X=1~16)”

This parameter defines whether serial X is enabled. Options:

- Enable
- Disable

If selecting “enable”, the following parameters will be visible about serial X, and the object “Serial X call” that is used to trigger each serial is also visible

### Parameter “Can this serial be preempted by a new serial”

This parameter defines whether this serial can be preempted by a new serial. Options:

- Yes
- No

If selecting “yes”, the RS232/KNX controller will stop the current serial and carry out the new serial immediately; while it will ignore the new serial with “no”.

*Note: although in some case two serials are transmitted independently through two COMs, the preempted relation still exists.*

### Parameter “Enable triggering this serial via 1 bit object”

This parameter defines whether a 1bit object is enabled. The object can be used to trigger serial X. Options:

Enable

Disable

If selecting “enable”, the object “serial X, 1 bit” will be visible, and the following parameter “Trigger via 1bit group value” will be also visible.

#### ■ Parameter “Trigger via 1 bit group value”

This parameter specifies the value of the object “serial X, 1 bit”. When the object receives the value, the RS232/KNX controller will trigger the serial and send the control commands of the serial to the controlled RS232 device through COM1/2 step by step. Options:

“0”=trigger, “1”=stop

“1”=trigger, “0”=stop

Both trigger, auto stop

If selecting ““0”=trigger, “1”=stop”, the RS232/KNX controller will trigger the serial with the value “0” received by the object “serial X, 1 bit”, and stop the serial with the value “1”.

If selecting ““1”=trigger, “0”=stop”, the RS232/KNX controller will trigger the serial with the value “1” received by the object “serial X, 1 bit”, and stop the serial with the value “0”.

If selecting “Both trigger, auto stop”, the RS232/KNX controller will trigger the serial with the value “0” or “1” received by the object “serial X, 1 bit”, and the serial is stopped automatically when it has been executed completely.

#### Parameter “assign serial number (1~64, 0=no assigned)”

This parameter specifies a number to serial X that means the object “Serial X call” will trigger the serial X by the allocated number. Options: 1~ 64, 0: no assigned.

*Note: If the number is set more than once, i.e. it is also set in the parameters of other serials, in that way, only the first set is available.*

#### Parameter “Enable cycling”

The parameter is used to set whether to send cyclically the control commands of the serial to the controlled RS232 device through COM1/2 step by step. Options:

Enable

Disable

If selecting “enable”, the following parameter “Cycling counter” will be visible.

#### ■ Parameter “Cycling counter [2...15]”

This parameter defines the cycle times of serial. Options: 2...15

For example, you set 2 times in the parameter and enable 2 steps via the follow parameters. Operation as follow: 1<sup>st</sup> step-2<sup>nd</sup> step-1<sup>st</sup> step -2<sup>nd</sup> step, the delay between two steps can be set via the follow parameter “delay after x step [0...65535]\*0.1s”.

The follow parameters are used to set how many steps a serial includes, i.e. number of control commands. Each step executes a control command.

#### **Parameter “Enable x (x=1<sup>st</sup>...6<sup>th</sup>) step”**

This parameter defines whether x step is enabled. Options:

Enable

Disable

If selecting “enable”, the following parameters will be visible about x step.

#### ■ **Parameter “Telegram send via COM x”**

This parameter defines which port sends the x step. Options:

COM 1

COM2

*Note: If the serial port that is configured in the parameter is not consistent with the port connect to the controlled RS232 device, transmission of control command will fail.*

#### ■ **Parameter “x (x=1<sup>st</sup>...6<sup>th</sup>) telegram[1...64] is”**

This parameter defines telegram of the x step, i.e. control command of the x step. The control command of the telegram is set in the parameter window “telegram setting parameter”. Options: telegram 1/telegram 2/.../telegram 64

#### ■ **Parameter “Delay after x (x=1<sup>st</sup>...6<sup>th</sup>) step [0...65535]\*0.1s”**

This parameter defines the delay time after x step, i.e. only when the delay time has passed, the next step is executed. Options: 0...65535

## **4. Description of communication objects**

The communication object is a media that the device communicates with the other devices on the bus. That is, only the communication objects can trigger the communication on the bus. The following gives the role of each communication object in detail.

Note: In “Flag” column in the below table, “C” means that the object has a link to the bus; “W” means the object value can be modified via the bus; “R” means the value of the object only can be read via the bus; “T” means that a telegram is transmitted when the object value has been modified; “U” means that value response telegrams are interpreted as a write command, the value of the object is updated.

Number	Name	Object Function	Descri...	Group Addresses	Length	C	R	W	T	U	Data Type	Priority
0	Telegram send via COM1				1 Byte	C	R	W	-	-		Low
1	Telegram send via COM2				1 Byte	C	R	W	-	-		Low
2	Telegram1,1 bit				1 bit	C	-	W	-	-		Low
66	Serial1,1 bit				1 bit	C	-	W	-	-		Low
82	Serialx call	Call serial[x]			1 Byte	C	-	W	-	-		Low

Fig. 4.1 communication objects of the RS232/KNX controller

No.	Object name	Function	Data type	Flags
0~1	Telegram send via COM1/2	Call telegram	1byte	C,R,W
<p>This communication object is visible if the COM1/2 is enabled in the parameter “COM1/2 enable”. It is used to receive the 1 byte number of telegram X (1...64) in the parameter “number of telegram X” setting, to trigger the control command of telegram X send to the controlled RS232 device through COM1/2.</p> <p>Object value (Number) :0...255</p>				
2~65	Telegram X, 1bit	Telegram	1bit	C,W
<p>This communication object is visible with “enable” in the parameter “enable triggering this telegram via 1bit object”, which is also used to trigger the control command of telegram X send to the controlled RS232 device through COM1/2. The object value is described in the chapter 3.3 parameter “Trigger via group value”.</p> <p>If set to 0, when received a ‘0’, the telegram will be sent;</p> <p>If set to 1, when received a ‘1’ the telegram will be sent;</p> <p>If set to both 0 and 1, when received a ‘0’ or a ‘1’ the telegram will be sent;</p>				
66~81	Serial X,1bit	Serial	1bit	C,W
<p>This communication object is visible with “enable” in the parameter “enable triggering this serial via 1bit object”, which is also used to trigger the control commands of serial X send to the controlled RS232 device through COM1/2 step by step. The object value is described in the chapter 3.4 parameter “Trigger via 1 bit group value”.</p> <p>If set to ‘0’=trigger, ‘1’=stop, only ‘0’ trigger the serial sent step by step while ‘1’ to stop. It can also be stopped by sent out all the command;</p> <p>If set to ‘1’=trigger, ‘0’=stop, only ‘1’ trigger the serial sent step by step while ‘0’ to stop. It can also be stopped by sent out all the command;</p> <p>If set to both trigger, auto stop, either ‘0’ or ‘1’ can trigger the serial sent step by step and stop by sent out all the command .</p>				
82	Serial X call	Call serial[X]	1byte	C,W
<p>This communication object is visible with “enable” in the parameter “Enable serial 1”, which is used to receive the assigned serial number in the parameter “assign serial number [1~64,0=no assigned]” setting, to trigger the control commands of serial X send to the controlled RS232 device through COM1/2 step by step.</p>				



Object value: 0~63,64~255 Reserved

1-64 in the parameter setting corresponds to the value 0-63 received by the communication object “serial call”. For example, number 1 in the parameter setting has the same output result as value 0 in the communication object “serial call”.

Table 4.1 communication objects of the RS232/KNX controller