

K-Smart Switch Actuators

User manual-Ver. 2

ARESV-08/16.1

ARESV-12/16.1

KNX/EIB Intelligent Installation Systems

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1. Introduction

This manual provides you the detailed technical information about the Switch Actuators, not only the installation and programming details, but also the usage explanation in actual application. They can be installed in the distribution boards on 35mm mounting rails according to EN60715.

These switch actuators can be used to control the switch loads, such as:

- Lighting
- Heating control
- Signal devices

1.1 Product and function overview

The switch actuators are the modular installation devices, with 8 and 12 outputs for selection, using EIB bus connection terminals to connect to the system. The switch actuators need to connect an extra 230V AC power supply and provide to 4 outputs. It is able to use the Engineering Tool Software ETS (ETS2 v1.3 or later) with a VD2/VD3 file to allocate the physical address and set the parameters.

If the 230V AC power supply is not connected, all LEDs are flashing for indicating output state on the device.

It is able to switch from 4 to 8 independent electrical AC loads or three-phase loads and 4 electrical AC loads with the same phase of the 230V AC power supply by the switch actuators with maximum output of 16A per output and manual switch, as well as visible switching status via LED indication.

There are same following programming functions for each output:

- time function: on/off delay
- staircase function with the warning and adjustable staircase lighting time
- scene, preset control: 8bit/1bit
- logic operation: AND, OR, XOR, gate function
- status response
- forced operation and safe function
- threshold function setup

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- control of electro thermal valve function
- manual operation switch
- indication of switch status (contact position)

2. Technical Properties & Dimension and Connection Diagram

2.1 Technical Properties:

The switch actuators are modular installation devices in proM design, which are easy to install in the distribution boards on 35mm mounting rails via bus connection terminal to connect to EIB system.

It is able to switch at most 12 individuals outputs by these switch actuators, and the loads are connected to them by using screw terminals, and each output is controlled separately by EIB system.

Power supply	Operation voltage	21~30 V DC, made available by the bus
	Current consumption, EIB	< 12 mA
	Power consumption, EIB	Max. 360 mW
	Input voltage	230V AC
Output nominal values	Number of contacts	8/12
	U _n rated voltage	250V/440V AC (50~60Hz)
	I _n rated current	A,B,C,D channels 12A, other channels 16A
	Rated coil power	0.4W
Contact performance	Contact form	1H
	Contact resistance	$\leq 100 \text{ m}\Omega(1\text{A 6V DC})$
	Max. switch voltage	440VAC/125VDC
	Max. switch current	16A
	Max. switch power	4000VA
	Contact load	16A 250VAC
	Mechanical life	<1×10 ⁷
	Electrical life	<1×10 ⁵
	Action time (in rated voltage)	≤15ms
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	Release time	≤8ms
Connections	EIB/KNX	Bus connection terminal (black/red)
	Input/Load output	Screw terminals
Operation/display	Red LED and push button	For assigning the physical address
	Green LED flashing	Indicate the application layer works normally
	Indication of the contact position	close means the output is on-LED on
		open means the output is off-LED off
Housing	IP20	to EN 60529
Temperature	Operation	-5 °C ~+ 45 °C
	Storage	-25 °C~+ 55 °C
	Transport	-25 °C ~+ 70 °C
Ambient condition	Humidity	5%~85%, except dewing
Design	On 35mm DIN rail, modular installa	tion Component
Dimension	08/16.1	90 mm×143 mm×60 mm
	12/16.1	90 mm×214.5 mm×60 mm
Weight	08/16.1	0.5KG
	12/16.1	0.7KG

Loads

Common lamps	incandescent lamp	2000W
fluorescent lampT5 / T8	Uncompensated luminaries	2000W
	Parallel compensation	1300W/140 µF
	DUO circuit	2×2000W
Low-voltage halogen lamps	Inductive transformer	1500W
	Electronic transformer	500VA
	Halogen lamp 230V	2000W
Dulux lamp	Uncompensated luminaries	1500W
	Parallel compensation	1000W/140 µF
Mercury-vapor lamp	Uncompensated luminaries	1500W
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Parallel compensation

1500W/140 µF

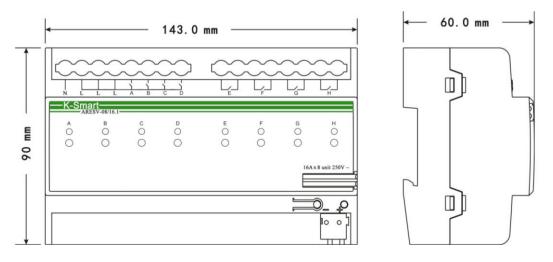
Note: The above load is only for single lamps. In the case of several lamps in parallel, the load will be reduced, although the power is unchanged, but the instantaneous impact of current will increase, and easy to make the relay contacts melted. In normal use, the maximum output current is preferably less than 6A, and inductive load and capacitive load will be lower.

Application programs	Max. number of	Max. number of group	Max. number of
Application programs	communication objects	addresses	associations addresses
ARESV-08/16.1	115	160	160
ARESV-12/16.1	171	250	250

2.2 Dimension and Connection Diagram

2.2.1 ARESV-08/16.1

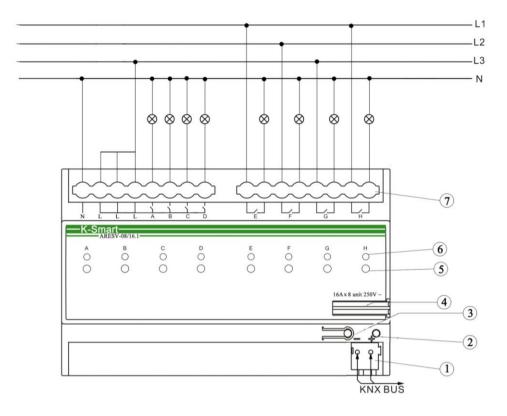
2.2.1.1 Dimension drawing:



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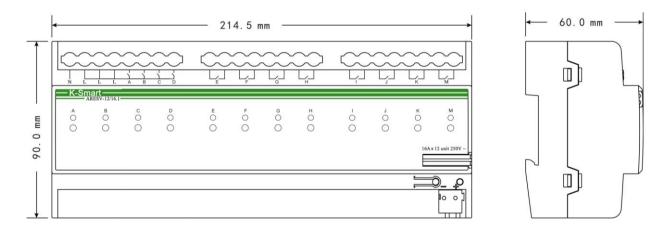
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2.2.1.2 Connection Diagram:



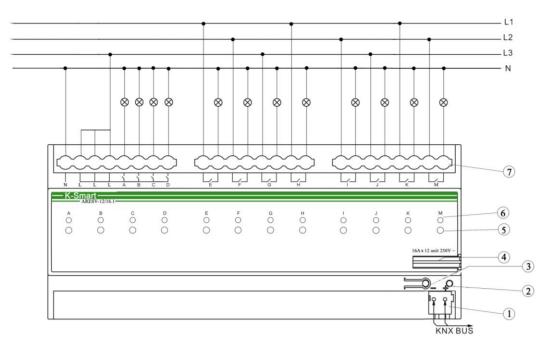
2.2.2 ARESV-12/16.1

2.2.2.1 Dimension drawing:



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2.2.2.2 Connection Diagram:



① Bus connection terminal

2 Red LED for entering the physical address, green LED for application process normally running

- ③ Programming button
- 4 Label carrier
- (5) Manual operation button, switch output directly via manual button
- 6 Indication LEDs of switch status
- O Input, output terminals

When the actuator is not connected to the 230V AC input, all of indication LEDs for the switch status will flash.

3. Commissioning

3.1 Overview

Every output has two operation modes (main function):

1) Switch actuator

It is used for normal switching, for instance lighting control, which uses the object "Switch" to control the output directly. Lots of additional functions such as timming, logical, safety functions are available to use. Application description can be found in below text.

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(2) Dynamic regulating Actuator

In this function, the output is used to control the cooling/heating temperature. In some room, thermostat will send a control value out to switch the valve (e.g. 2-step control). Application description can be found in below text.

3.2 Parameter window "All General"

The parameter window "All General" will be shown in Fig. 2.1, which applies to every output.

1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 fo	ld, universal		X
All General Channel A	All Ge	neral	
Channel B Channel C	Operation delay after recovery of bus voltage(1250s)	1	
Channel D	Sending cycle of "In operation" telegram (1240s , 0=inactive)		
	Enable safety priority function	disable	
	=====N o t e===== Normal, object value map switch on/off	"1"=switch on; "0"=switch off	
		switch on=contact close ; switch off=contact open	
OK Cancel Default Info Help			

Fig. 2.1 parameter window "All General"

Note: "Switch on" mentioned below means the contact of the switch actuator is closed (output is on); "switch off" means the contact of the switch actuator is open (output is off)!

Parameter "Operation delay after recovery of bus voltage (1...250s)"

The parameter determines the delay time to react after the bus voltage recovery (the delay time after electrified) to avoid the malfunction of the bus and 230V AC caused by the simultaneously working of various relays, excluding the initialization time (approx. 3 seconds) of the device.

Options: 1-250 seconds

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If there are other devices (e.g. monitor) require to modify the communication object value of the device during the delay time after power on, then this requirement will be recorded, and then reacted after the delay time is finished. After power on, all relays are off, unless manually operating buttons.

Note: after power on, considering that it will generate damage to the power system and bus if simultaneous action of many relays, so it is suggested to set the different delay time to each device.

Parameter "Sending cycle of 'in operation' telegram (1...240s, 0 = inactive):"

The parameter determines the time interval to send the telegram which shows the actuator is working normally or not via the bus. With the setting "0", the actuator doesn't send the telegram; if the setting is not "0", a telegram with the value "1" will be sent cyclically according to the setting to the bus.

Options: 0...240s, 0=cyclical send inactive

It is suggested to select the maximum time interval according to the application to keep the bus load as low as possible.

Note: it is starting to count the time after power up, instead of the operation delay after recovery of bus voltage.

Parameter "Enable Safety priority function"

The parameter is used to set the enable status of the function "Safety priority".

Options: Enable

Disable

If "*disable*" is selected, it will not activate the function "*Safety priority*"; if "*enable*" is selected, 2 "*Safety priority*" will be activated, whose parameter window can be shown in Fig. 2.2.

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1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 fo	old, universal	X		
All General Channel A	All	General		
Channel B Channel C Channel D	Operation delay after recovery of bus voltage(1250s) Sending cycle of "In operation" telegram (1240s , 0=inactive) Enable safety priority function set safety priority 1: set safety priority 2:	1 0 enable inactive inactive v		
	=====N o t e===== Normal, object value map switch on/off	"1"=switch on; "0"=switch off switch on=contact close ; switch off=contact open		
OK Cancel Default Info Help				

Fig. 2.2 parameter window "Safety priority"

Parameter "set safety priority x:", x = 1, 2

There are 2 safety priorities for selecting. It is available to define the trigger condition to each "*Safe priority*", and also enable the correspondent communication object "*Safety Priority x*" (x=1, 2). These objects are important to the entire relay when under the working mode "*Switch Actuator*" and "*Dynamic regulating actuator*", but each output can react differently depending on the received telegrams, whose reactions can be defined in the parameter window "*X: Safety*".

Options: inactive

enable be safe by Object value "0" enable be safe by Object value "1"

If the communication object "Safety Priority x" receives "0", the "Control period" of "the Safety Priority x" will be initiated with "enable be safe by Object value "0""; if the communication object "Safety Priority x" receives "1", the "Control period" of "the Safety Priority x" will be initiated with "enable be safe by Object value "1"". This means, during the "Control period", if the object "Safety Priority x" receives no corresponding telegram, it will trigger "Safety Priority", and then the correspondent action will be initiated, which will be defined in the parameter window "X: Safety". When the setting is "inactive", it will not initiate any "Safety Priority".

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Parameter "Control period of safety priority X, X=1,2 (1...240s, 0=inactive)"

It will not be visible unless the parameter "set safety priority x: (x = 1, 2)" is activated. If there is no telegram received from the object "Safety Priority x (x=1, 2)" during the "Control period", this "Safety Priority x" will be initiated.

It will end the trigger of "Safety Priority x" when the object "Safety Priority x (x=1, 2)" receives the telegram again, and the "Control period" of "Safety Priority x" will be reset at the same time.

Option: 0...240s

It will not activate any "Safety Priority x" when selecting "0".

The monitoring time of "*Safety priority*" should be more than double as long as the cyclical sent time of the sensor to avoid the alarming in case some individual signal is neglected.

3.3 Parameter window " Channel X"-Switch actuator

The parameter window "*Channel X*" is shown in Fig. 2.3. It works for all the outputs. "*Channel X*" or "*X*" mentioned below means any output of the switch actuator, which has the same parameter setup interface and communication objects.

1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 fold, universal				
All General Channel A	Channel A			
Channel B Channel C Channel C Channel D	Channel A work mode is	Switch actuator		
	If bus voltage recovery,contact is If bus voltage fail,contact is	unchange		
	Object value of "telegram switch" after bus voltage recovery	not write		
	Set the reply mode of switch status for channel A	no reply		
	Contact position if tele. value is "1" ("0" is opposite of "1" if changed)	open 👻		
	Special functions of switch actuator mode for channel A is	inactive 💌		
	OK Cance	Default Info Help		

Fig. 2.3 parameter window "channel: X"

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It is able to choose an operation mode and its corresponding functions for every output, and the functions are activated separately.

Parameter "Channel X work mode is"

This parameter is used to define the output mode.

Options: Switch Actuator

Dynamic regulating actuator

"Switch Actuator" is used in the normal switch control such as lighting. The outputs are controlled by various functions such as logic operation, timing function and safe function. More details can be found below.

Parameter "If bus voltage recovery, contact is"

The output can adopt a defined status on bus voltage recovery via this parameter.

Options: Unchange

open

closed

As before bus voltage fail

When selecting "*Unchange*", the contact of the relay will remain the same as the last status before power off; when selecting "*open*", the contact will be open; while it is closed when selecting "*closed*".

Note: the device does not support the option "as before bus voltage fail", if select it, the action of the contact is the same with "unchange".

Parameter "If bus voltage fail, contact is"

Note: the device does not support the parameter setting, after bus voltage failure all outputs are switched off.

Parameter "object Value of 'Telegram Switch' after bus voltage recovery"

This parameter will be visible when enabling the logic function "*input 0*" to define the default value of the communication object "*Switch, X*" after bus voltage recovery, which can be "0" or "1". If selecting "*not write*", the value "0" is written into the object "*Telegram Switch*" and remains until this value is changed via the bus.

Options: not write

to write with 0 to write with 1

Parameter "Set the reply mode of switch status for channel X"

This parameter defines the status of the current switch status when the telegram is sent.

Options: no reply

always respond, after read only

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Transmit after change

If selecting "no reply", there is no telegram to send out; if selecting "always respond, after read only", the status telegram will not be sent out until receiving the status telegrams from other devices; if selecting "Transmit after change", it will send the status automatically when there is any changes on the output.

The value ("0" or "1") of the communication object "*reply the switch status, x*" and "*send the switch status, X*" defines the current status of the relay, which can be set in the parameter "*Object value of switch status:*" (when selecting "*always respond, after read only*" or "*Transmit after change*").

Note: there is not status relay, if manually switch output via button.

Parameter "Object value of switch status:"

Options: 0=contact close; 1=contact open

0=contact open; 1=contact close

This parameter will be visible when selecting "always respond, after read only" or "Transmit after change" in "Set the reply mode of switch status for channel X". It means the contact of the relay will be closed when the value of the communication object "reply the switch status, x" and "send the switch status, X" is 0 when setting "0=contact close; 1=contact open", while it is open when the value is "1". It means the opposite with setting "0=contact open; 1=contact close".

Parameter "Contact position if tele. Value is '1' ('0' is opposite of '1' if changed)"

This parameter defines the contact position when starting the switch, which will be triggered by the communication object "*switch*, X". When enabling "*input* 0" in the logic function, it will use the communication object "*switch*, X" to modify the value of "*input* 0", rather than triggering the switch operation.

Options: unchange

Open

Close

The contact position stays the same with "*unchange*"; it will be open with "*Open*", and off with "*Close*". When ending the operation, position will be reversed if it is changed after starting (for instant, selecting "*open*" or "*close*"), otherwise, it will remain the same.

Note: The parameter only works after receiving object "Switch x", and defines the direction of the contact after receiving it. More details can be found in the below form:

Object value	"Switch X" value=1	"Switch X" value=0
Parameter		
Unchanged	Unchanged	Unchanged
Open	Contact open(OFF)	Contact close (ON)
close	Contact close (ON)	Contact open (OFF)

Parameter "Special functions of switch actuator mode for channel X is"

This parameter defines whether enable the special functions of the switch actuator. The parameter window "X:

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Function" will be seen with "active", and able to set the special functions individually in Fig. 2.4. Enable or disable the special function in "X: Function", seen in Fig. 2.5.

Options: active

inactive

1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 fo	old, universal		×
All General		Channel A	
All General Channel A A:Function Channel B Channel C Channel D	Channel A work mode is If bus voltage recovery,contact is If bus voltage fail,contact is Object value of "telegram switch" after bus voltage recovery Set the reply mode of switch status for channel A Contact position if tele, value is "1" ("0" is opposite of "1" if changed) Special functions of switch actuator mode for channel A is	Switch actuator unchange not write no reply open	
	ОК	Cancel Default Info	<u>H</u> elp

Fig. 2.4 starting setup window "X: Function"

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1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 fo	ld, universal	
All General Channel A	A:Fun	ction
A:Function A:Time Channel B	Function of "time" for switch is	enable 🗸 🗸
Channel C Channel D	Function of "preset" for switch is	disable
	Function of "logic" for switch is	disable 👻
	Function of "scene" for switch is	disable
	Function of "threshold" for switch is	disable
	Function of "safety" for switch is Function of "forced" for switch is	disable 💌
		disable
	OK Cance	I Default Info Help

Fig. 2.5 setup window "X: Function"

3.3.1 Parameter window "X: Time"

This parameter window will become visible when selecting "*enable*" in the parameter "*Function of 'time' for switch is*" in the setup window "*X: Function*". See Fig. 2.6.

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Switch Actuators

1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 fol	ld, universal		×
All General Channel A	A:Ti	me	
Channel A A:Function A:Time Channel B Channel C Channel D	The mode of time function Delay for switch on : {0240 minutes} {059 seconds} Delay for switch off : {0240 minutes} {059 seconds}	0 0 0	
	OK Cancel	I <u>D</u> efault <u>I</u> nfo <u>H</u> elp	

Fig. 2.6 setup window "X: Time"

Parameter "The Mode Of Time function"

The parameter defines the type of the timing function setup.

Options: *Delay switch*

Staircase lighting Flashing

3.3.1.1 Selection "Delay switch"

The parameter window of the time function in Fig. 2.6 will be shown when selecting "Delay switch".

Parameter "Delay for switching on: (0...240 minutes)"

This parameter defines the stating time of the switch delay: minutes

Options: 0...240

Parameter "Delay for switching on: (0...59 seconds)"

This parameter defines the starting time of the switch delay: seconds Options: 0...59

Parameter "Delay for switching off: (0...240 minutes)"

This parameter defines the closing time of the switch delay: minutes Options: 0...240

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Parameter "Delay for switching off: (0...59 seconds)"

This parameter defines the closing time of the switch delay: seconds Options: 0...59

3.3.1.2 Selection "Staircase lighting function"

The parameter window of the staircase lighting function in Fig. 2.7 will be visible when selecting "*Staircase lighting function*" in the parameter "*The mode of time function*".

1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 fol	d, universal	\mathbf{X}
All General Channel A	A:Ti	ne
A:Function A:Time Channel B Channel C Channel D	The mode of time function Duration of staircase lighting (01000 minutes) (059 seconds) The mode of control for staircase lighting is During the lighting time, if receive the ''Start'' telegram, Warning mode for ending of staircase lighting Modify the duration via object (060059 seconds)	staircase lighting
	OK Cancel	Default Info Help

Fig. 2.7 parameter window "X: Time-Staircase lighting"

The staircase lighting function is switched on via the object "*Output of staircase lighting*". And also it is available to program the value of "*Output of staircase lighting*". The staircase lighting time starts when it is switched on and will be switched off immediately after the set time when there is no warning setting.

Parameter "Duration of staircase lighting-(0...1000 minutes)"

This parameter describes the duration time when switching on the staircase light function: minutes Options: 0...1000

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Parameter "Duration of staircase lighting-(0...59 second)"

This parameter describes the duration time when switching off the staircase light function: seconds Options: 0...59

Note: If the minute is set to "0", and the seconds is set to "0", the staircase lighting will be disabled. **Parameter "The mode of control for Staircase lighting is"**

This parameter defines the mode of the staircase lighting function.

Options: *Start with "1", stop with "0"*

Start with "1", no action with "0"

Start with "0/1", cannot be stopped

When selecting "*Start with "1", stop with "0"*", it will switch on the staircase lights with the value "*I*" received by the object "*Output of staircase lighting*"; it will stop the time counting operation and don't change the contact position until changed by other operations with "0".

When selecting "*Start with "1", no action with "0"*", it will switch on the staircase lights with the value "*1*" received by the object "*Output of staircase lighting*" and no reaction with "0".

When selecting "*Start with "0/1", cannot be stopped*", it will switch on the staircase lights either with "0" or "1" received by the object "*Output of staircase lighting*" but cannot end it by the object.

Parameter "During the lighting time, if receive the 'start' telegram"

Options: restart duration of staircase lighting

Ignored the "switch on" telegram

It will restart the staircase lights to redo the timing if receive the telegram of the object "*Output of staircase lighting*" when selecting "*restart duration of staircase lighting*" during the staircase lighting; while it will ignore the telegram with "*Ignored the 'switch on' telegram*".

Parameter "Warning mode for ending of staircase lighting"

The parameter points out the alarm type when terminating the staircase lights, which will start the warning notice before switching off. This warning time is not included in the starting duration of the staircase. There will be no alarm if selecting "*nothing*", as well as the lights is off before the warning time.

Options: nothing

via object

flashing the channel output with OFF/ON

via object & flashing the channel output

2 types of warning are provided:

-by the communication object: set the value of the object "Warning of staircase" as "1" when starting alarming and then send it to the bus;

-by the lights flashing: control the output flashing (a short switch), and the duration is 1 second.

These 2 types can be used independently or together. It will be the type of "by the communication object"

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when it is "via object" in the parameter, or the type of "by the lights flashing" with "flashing the channel output with OFF/ON"; as well as mixed type with "via object & flashing the channel output".

Parameter "-- The warning time for ending of staircase lighting (0...59s)"

The parameter is visible after selecting a warning type, and the duration of the warning: second. Options: 0...59

Parameter "Modify the duration via object (0...60059 seconds)"

It will activate the object "*Duration of staircase*" with 2 bytes when selecting "*Enable*" to modify the staircase lighting time, however it cannot modify the time with "*disable*".

Options: disable

Enable

Note: If the values of telegram for modification the duration is "0", the staircase lighting will be disabled.

3.3.1.3 Selection "Flashing"

The parameter window in Fig. 2.8 "X: *Time-flashing switch*" will be shown up when selecting "*flashing switch*" in "*The mode of time function*".

1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 fo	ld, universal	×
All General Channel A		A:Time
A:Function A:Time Channel B Channel C	The mode of time function Delay for switch on : (0240 minutes)	flashing switch
Channel D	(059 seconds) Delay for switch off : (0240 minutes)	
	Number of ON includes	0 🗘
	The mode of control for flashing	Start with "1" , Stop with "0"
	ОК Са	ancel <u>D</u> efault <u>I</u> nfo <u>H</u> elp

Fig. 2.8 parameter window "X: Time-flashing switch"

It is able to set the flashing time in "Delay for switch on" or "Delay for switch off", which will restart the

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flashing when receiving the relevant telegram by the object "Switch", and define the contact position after flashing.

Parameter "Delay for switch ON: Min. (0...65.535), Sec. (1...59)"

The parameter defines the delayed time to switch on the output when flashing.

Options: 0...240 minutes

0...59 seconds

Note: it will not be executed unless the time is lower than the relay threshold switch frequency. Since there will be not sufficient energy to do it because of the frequent relay switching, and it may cause the time delay. The same situation will happen after the bus voltage recovery.

Parameter "Delay for switch off: Min. (0...65.535), Sec. (1...59)"

The parameter defines the delayed time to switch off the output when flashing.

Options: 0...240 minutes

0...59 seconds

Note: it will not be executed unless the time is lower than the relay threshold switch frequency. Since there will be not sufficient energy to do it because of the frequent relay switching, and it may cause time delay. The same situation will happen after the bus voltage recovery.

Parameter "Number of ON-impulses (1...255, 0=no limited)"

This parameter points out the flashing times.

Options: 0...255

Note: 0 means no limited!

Parameter "Contact position after flashing"

This parameter points out the relay contact position after flashing.

Options: unchange Open

Close

Parameter "The mode of control flashing"

The parameter states the mode of the flashing output.

Options: star with "1", stop with "0" star with "0", stop with "1" star with "1/0", can not be stopped

It will start flashing with "1" received by the object "Switch" when selecting "star with '1', stop with '0"; it will stop flashing with "0".

It will start flashing with "0" received by the object "Switch" when selecting "star with '0', stop with '1"; it

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will stop flashing with "1".

It will start flashing with either "1" or "0" received by the object "*Switch*" when selecting "*star with* '1/0', *can not be stopped*"; Under this circumstance it cannot terminate the flashing by sending the telegram until the preset ending time.

3.3.2 Parameter window "X: Preset"

This parameter window in Fig. 2.9 will burst out when selecting "*enable*" in the parameter "*Function of* '*preset*' for switch is".

1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 fo	ld, universal	
All General Channel A	A:Pre	set
A:Function A:Time	Action for preset 1(object value=0)	None
A:Preset Channel B	Action for preset 2(object value=1)	OFF 💌
Channel C Channel D	Setting for preset via telegram is	disable 💌
	OK Cancel	Default Info Help

Fig. 2.9 setup window "X: Preset"

It is able to not only invocate the preset value, but also save the new value of the current switch status by the bus.

There are 2 objects to invocate and save the preset value, and 2 optional preset values (preset 1 and preset 2). It means "*preset 1*" with "0", and "*preset 2*" with "1".

Parameter "Action for preset 1 (object value=0)"

This parameter defines the relay status when invocating the preset value 1 (that is when the object "*Call preset 1/2*" receives the telegram "0") by setting the communication object "*Call preset 1/2*".

Options: None ON

Off

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Parameter "Action for preset2 (object value=1)"

This parameter defines the relay status when invocating the preset value 2 ((that is when the object "*Call preset 1/2*" receives the telegram "1") by setting the communication object "*Call preset 1/2*".

Options: ON

OFF

Last position of contact

Setting of preset 1

When the action trigged by Preset 2 selects "*last position of contact*", it will be recovered to the last switch status every time recalling preset 2.

When the action trigged by Preset 2 selects "*setting of preset 1*", it will carry out the set parameters of the action trigged by preset 1 every time recalling preset 2.

Parameter "Setting for preset via telegram is"

It is used to set whether changing the preset value by the bus. It is allowable to change the value and enable the object "*Set preset 1/2*" at the same time when selecting "*enable*", which can save the current status as the new preset value. The current value is saved as new preset 1 when receiving the telegram "0"; as new preset 2 when "1". The current status will be saved in the new preset value if selecting "*None*" in "*Action for preset 1* (*object value 0*)" and "*Last value of channel*" or "*restore parameterized value of preset 1*" in "Action for *preset2* (*object value 1*)".

Options: enable

Disable

Note: it will save the new preset value after bus voltage recovery.

3.3.3 Parameter window "X: Logic"

It will show up Fig. 2.10 when selecting "enable" in "Function of 'logic' for switch is" in Fig. 2.5.

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Switch Actuators

1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 fo	ld, universal		×
All General Channel A	A:Lo	gic	
A:Function A:Time A:Preset	The input 0 (switch object) for logic is	enable 💌]
A:Logic Channel B Channel C Channel D	The input 1 of logic is Function type between input0 and input1	AND]
	Result is inverted	NO	
	Value of input 1 after bus voltage recovery :	"0"	
	The input 2 of logic is	enable 💌	
	Function type between input2 and input0/1	AND	
	Result is inverted	NO	
	Value of input 2 after bus voltage recovery :	"0"	1
	OK Cance	l <u>D</u> efault <u>I</u> nfo <u>H</u> elp	

Fig. 2.10 setup window "X: Logic"

There are 2 logic communication objects to decide the status of individual output, which are related to the "Switch, X".

It will re-operate when receiving a new object value as the final output status (close the contact with "1", open it with "0"). The values of the communication object "*Input 1 of logic*" makes logic operation with "*Switch,* X" firstly, and then the result after that will makes operations with the value of "*Input 2 of logic*". This operation will ignore the objects which are unable, and continue to the next step with the ones who are enabled.

Parameter "The input 0 (switch object) for logic is"

This parameter is used to enable the function of logic operation of "*input 0*", whose values are wrote by the object "*Switch*, X".

Options: disable Enable

Parameter "The input x of Logical" (x = 1, 2)"

This parameter describes the status of the logic operation of the object "Input 1 of logic" or "Input 2 of logic".

Options: disable Enable

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Parameter "Function type between input 0 and input 1/ (input 2 and input 0/1)"

This parameter introduces the logical relationship of the logic operation, providing 3 standard logical operations (AND, OR, XOR) and a gate function.

Explanation of gate function: it will use the previous logic value as the enable mark of the next logic. If the enable mark of the previous logic is "1", that means it is able to use the next logic value as the operation result. E.g. the value of input 0 is 1, which means the value of input 1 can be used as the operation result; if the value of input 1 is 1, which means the value of input 2 can be used as the result too.

Options: AND OR XOR Gate function

Parameter "Result is inverted"

This parameter defines whether negate the logical operation results. Negate it with "yes", don't with "no". Options: no

yes

Parameter "Value of input 1 after bus voltage recovery"

This parameter defines the default value of the object "*Input x of logic* (x=1, 2)" after bus voltage recovery. Options: 0

1 Value before power off

Note: the logic initial value is "0" when selecting "value before power off".

Parameter "Value of input 2 after bus voltage recovery"

This parameter defines the default value of the object "*Input x of logic* (x=1, 2)" after bus voltage recovery. Options: 0

1 Unchange

The default logic value is "0" when selecting "Unchange".

3.3.4 Parameter window "X: Scene"

The parameter window shown in Fig. 2.11 will burst out when selecting "*enable*" in "*Function of 'scene' for switch is*" in Fig. 2.5.

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1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 fol	d, universal		×
All General Channel A	A:Sc	ene	
Channel A A:Function A:Time A:Preset A:Logic A:Scene Channel B Channel D Channel D	 1> channel is assigned to (164 scene NO.,0= no allocation) Standard output value is 2> channel is assigned to (164 scene NO.,0= no allocation) Standard output value is 3> channel is assigned to (164 scene NO.,0= no allocation) Standard output value is 4> channel is assigned to (164 scene NO.,0= no allocation) Standard output value is 5> channel is assigned to (164 scene NO.,0= no allocation) Standard output value is 5> channel is assigned to (164 scene NO.,0= no allocation) Standard output value is 5> channel is assigned to (164 scene NO.,0= no allocation) Standard output value is 	0 OFF 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
	ļ		
	OK Cance	l <u>D</u> efault Info <u>H</u> elp	

Fig. 2.11 parameter window "X: Scene"

Parameter "channel is assigned to (1...64 scenes NO., 0=no allocation)"

It is able to allocate 64 different scene numbers to every output. There are 5 various scenes can be set per output.

Options: Scene 1...Scene 64, 0=no allocation;

Parameter "--Standard output value is"

This parameter defines the switch output status when invocating the scene.

Options: ON

OFF

3.3.5 Parameter "X: Threshold"

The window in Fig. 2.12 will be shown up when selecting "*enable*" in the parameter "*Function of 'threshold' for switch is*" in Fig. 2.5.

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1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 f	old, universal		×
All General Channel A	A:Th	reshold	
A:Function A:Time	Threshold 1 value	80	*
A:Preset A:Logic	Threshold 2 value	200	*
A:Scene A:Threshold	Change threshold 1 via object :	disable	*
Channel B Channel C Channel D	Behaviour		
Channel D	Threshold behaviour	without hysteresis	*
	If falling below lower threshold, contact position	unchange	*
	If lower < object value < upper contact position	unchange	*
	If exceeding upper threshold, contact position	unchange	*
	OK Can	cel <u>D</u> efault <u>I</u> nfo <u>H</u> elp	

Fig. 2.12 setup window "X: Threshold"

The object "*Threshold input*" of 1Byte is enabled when activating the threshold function. It will trigger the switch to make one operation if the value of the object "*Threshold input*" is lower or more than the default threshold. There are 2 individual thresholds are ready to use always and the "*threshold 1 value*" is set by the bus.

Parameter "Threshold 1 value" / "Threshold 2 value"

This parameter defines the value of threshold 1 and threshold 2.

Options: 0...255, for threshold 1

0...255, for threshold 2

Parameter "Change threshold 1 via object:"

This parameter defines whether change the threshold value by bus or not.

Options: disable

enable

It is able to start the object "*Change Threshold value 1*" by selecting "*enable*", and change the threshold 1 value by the bus; on the other hand, it cannot change the value with "*disable*". However it is not allowable to change the "*threshold 2 value*" by the bus.

Parameter "Threshold behaviour"

The parameter defines the delay status of "*threshold 1 value*" and "*threshold 2 value*". Option: *without hysteresis*

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with hysteresis

The delay can avoid the unnecessary behaviour caused by the input value if its value is between 2 threshold values.

Parameter "If falling below lower threshold, contact position", "If exceeding upper threshold contact position"

These parameters will be seen with "with hysteresis" in the parameter "Threshold behavior", which defines the action when the value of the object "Threshold input" is lower than the lowest threshold value or higher than the highest value.

Options: Unchange Open

Close

Parameter "If falling below lower threshold, contact position", "If exceeding upper threshold contact position", "If lower < object value < upper, contact position"

These parameters are visible with "*without hysteresis*" in the parameter "*Threshold behavior*", which defines the relay action in the object "*Threshold input*".

Options: Unchange Open Close

3.3.6 Parameter window "X: Safety"

The window shown in Fig. 2.13 will be seen when selecting "*enable*" in the parameter "*Function of 'safety' for switch is*" in Fig. 2.5.

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1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 fol	ld, universal	
All General	A:S	afety
Channel A A:Function A:Time	Setting of safety	on parameter-window "General"
A:Preset A:Logic	Contact position if safety priority 1	unchange
A:Scene A:Threshold	Contact position if safety priority 2	unchange 💌
A:Safety Channel B Channel C Channel D		
	OK Cano	el <u>D</u> efault <u>Info H</u> elp

Fig. 2.13 setup window "X: Safety

Enable 2 "*Safety Priority*" (x=1, 2) in the parameter window "*All General*", which define the relay's contact position for every output individually. There are 2 safety priorities for every output and also the "*Safety Priority 2*" is prior to "*Safety Priority 1*". It means when these 2 priorities are triggered at the same time, the contact position will follow the setup of "*Safety Priority 2*".

Note: the contact position will not be changed if the "Safety" function is disabled while the "Safety priority X" is triggered (setting in the parameter window "All General")

Parameter "Contact position if Safety Priority x" (x=1, 2)

It defines the contact position after triggering "Safety Priority x" (x=1, 2).

Options: Unchange

Open Close

3.3.7 Parameter window "X: Forced"

The window of the function "*forced*" in Fig. 2.14 will be visible with "*enable*" in the parameter "*Function of* '*forced*' for switch is" in Fig. 2.5.

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Switch	Actuators

1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 fo	ld, universal		
All General	A:Forced		
Channel A			
A:Function	Contact position if forced operation	unchange 🗸	
A:Time	Contact position inforced operation		
A:Preset			
A:Logic			
A:Scene			
A:Threshold			
A:Safety			
A:Forced			
Channel B			
Channel C			
Channel D			
	OK Cance	I <u>D</u> efault <u>I</u> nfo <u>H</u> elp	

Fig. 2.14 setup window "X: Forced"

This function will be used in some special situation such as emergency, and are activated by the object *"Forced output"* with the highest priority in the system, which means only *"forced operation"* are valid in this case.

Parameter "Contact position if forced operation"

This parameter defines the contact position of the "forced operation".

Options: Unchange

Open Close

3.4 Parameter window "Channel X"-Dynamic regulating Actuator

The window of "*Channel X-Dynamic regulating Actuator*" in Fig. 2.15 will be visible with "*Dynamic regulating Actuator*" in "*Channel X work mode is*".

In the running mode of "*Dynamic regulating Actuator*", it is used to control the solenoid valves by a thermostatic controller or temperature sensor to realize the temperature constancy in the room.

There are 2 options of control mode for every output: 1 bit control and 1 byte control. Under the 1bit mode, it will receive 1 bit command by the communication object "*on-off of regulating*"; under the 1byte mode, it will receive 1 byte command by the communication object "*continuous of regulating*".

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"0" means the value is off, while "100%" is on. And $0\sim100\%$ means during a cycle period, the value will be on for x% of the period while off for the rest time.

1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 fo	ld, universal	\mathbf{X}
All General Channel A	Chanr	nel A
Channel B Channel C Channel D	Channel A work mode is	Dynamic regulating actuator
Channel D	If bus voltage fail ,contact is	unchange 💌
	If bus voltage recovery, the duty cycle of dynamic regulate	0%(0FF)
	PWM cycle time for continuous control (1240 minutes)	3
	PW/M cycle time for continuous control (059 seconds	0
	Control telegram is received as	1 bit (on-off control)
	Reply the status of contact state	nothing
	Special functions of dynamic regulating actuator mode for channel A is	inactive 💌
	OK Cance	I Default Info Help

Fig. 2.15 setup window "channel: X-Dynamic regulating Actuator"

Parameter "If bus voltage fail, contact is"

Note: the device does not support the parameter setting, after bus voltage failure all outputs are switched off.

Parameter "If bus voltage recovery, the duty cycle of dynamic regulate"

This parameter defines the status of the switch actuator when the bus power is on, which will last until receiving the control command or into a failure mode.

Options: 0%.(OFF) 10% (26) ... 100% (ON)

Parameter "PWM cycle time for continuous control minutes (1...240 minutes)" and "PWM cycle time for continuous control seconds (0...59 seconds)"

It is able to set the period of the pulse width control (PWM) in this parameter, and whose unit is minute and second.

Options: 0...59 seconds

1...240 minutes

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Note: it is suggestive to set longer period in the parameter to protect the relays and the controlled devices. Under the 1bit control mode, the pulse width control (PWM) is only valid in the malfunction, force operation mode, safe operation mode and after voltage recovery.

Parameter "Control telegram is received as"

This parameter defines the control mode of the output as a dynamic regulating actuator.

Options: 1 bit (on-off control)

1 byte (continuous)

In the control mode of "*1bit*", the function of the dynamic regulating actuator is as the same as the common switch actuator: the thermostatic room controller control the output by the common switch command.

In the control mode of "*1 byte*", the sending value of the room thermostatic controller is from 0 to 255 (corresponding from 0% to 100%), which is so called "*continuous-action control*". 0% means switch off the valve, and 100% to switch it on. It will adjust the output control by the duty cycle of the pulse.

Note: in the function of dynamic regulating actuator, it will recalculate the duty factor of the pulse every time receiving the telegram of continuous regulating. And it will recalculate the time by switching the contact to the opposite position.

Parameter "reply the status of channel for continuous control"

It is visible when selecting "*1 byte (continuous)*" in the parameter "*Control telegram is received as*", which is used to report the status of the controlled valve gate, with 2 options according to the type of the controlled devices: 1 bit and 1 Byte.

Options: nothing

yes, 0% = "0", otherwise "1"(1 bit)
yes, 0% = "1", otherwise "0"(1 bit)
yes, continuous control value (1 byte)

Parameter "Reply the status of contact state"

It will send the switch status out when receiving the telegram that the channel status is read by other devices. Options: *nothing*

Yes, "1"=contact close, "0"=contact open Yes, "0"=contact close, "1"=contact open

Under the selecting of "Yes, '1'=contact close, '0'=contact open", when there is some request from other devices, the object "*Reply status of contact*" will send "1" to other devices if the contact is closed; While if it is open, it will send "0" to the other devices.

It is quite the contrary when selecting "Yes, '0'=contact close, '1'=contact open".

3.4.1 Parameter window "X: Function"-Dynamic regulating Actuator

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This window in Fig. 2.16 will pop out when selecting "*active*" in the parameter "*Special functions of dynamic regulating actuator mode for channel X is*", and it decides whether enable the function of dynamic regulating actuator.

1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 fol	d, universal		×
All General Channel A	A:Fund	stion	
A:Function Channel B	Function for monitoring is	disable	~
Channel C Channel D	Function of forced operation is	disable	~
	Function of regular switch is	disable	~
	Function of safety operation is	disable	~
	OK Cancel	Default Info <u>H</u> elp	

Fig. 2.16 setup window "X: Function"

Parameter "function for monitoring is", "function of forced operation is", "function of regular switch is", "function of safety operation is"

Options: *enable*

disable

The relevant setup interface will appear when selecting "enable".

3.4.2 Parameter window "X: Monitoring"

The monitor function in Fig. 2.17 "X: Monitoring" will be shown when selecting "enable" in the function "function for monitoring is".

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1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 fo	ld, universal		×
All General	A:Mo	nitor	
Channel A A:Function A:Monitor Channel B Channel C Channel D	Cyclic monitoring in minutes (0240 minutes) in seconds (059 seconds) The duty cycle of dynamic regulating during fault sending object "report fault" is		
	OK Cance	I Default Info Help	

Fig. 2.17 parameter window "X: Monitoring"

Parameter "Cyclic monitoring---in minutes (0...240 minutes)

---in seconds (0...59 seconds)"

This parameter defines the time that the relay monitors the telegram. Generally speaking, the room thermostatic controller will send the control telegram to the bus in a certain time. If the bus cannot receive the telegram in that time, it will be judged that the controller goes out of order. During the set time, the bus cannot receive the telegram for the controller; the relay will start the failure mode automatically until receiving a new telegram. The monitor time will be recounted when receiving a new control telegram.

Options: 0...240 minutes

0...59 seconds

Note: if the function is activated, the controller must send the telegram periodically out, and the monitoring time must be longer than the internal time of the control telegram.

Parameter "The duty cycle of dynamic regulating during fault"

This parameter defines the duty cycle of the PWM under the failure mode, which is the dynamic action under the failure mode.

Options: Unchange 0 % (OFF) 10 % (26) ...

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90 % (230)

100 % (ON)

Explanation of the option "Unchange": the dynamic action of PWM remains the same as before.

Parameter "sending object 'report fault' is"

This parameter defines whether to send the report out in the failure mode. When enabling it, it will send the failure report out if there is no action during the monitoring time and then carry out the dynamic action under the failure mode until it is interrupted by other operation. It will restart the timing when carrying out the new action.

Options: disable

enable

The object "*report fault*" will be activated when selecting "*enable*". The relay will be in the failure mode with "*1*", while not with "0".

Note: it will not send the report out with non-low-priority level. And monitor belongs to the low-priority level.

3.4.3 Parameter window "X: Forced"

The function "X: Forced" in Fig. 2.18 will be visible if selecting "enable" in the function "function for forced is".

1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 fo	ld, universal	\mathbf{X}
All General Channel A	A:Fo	rced
A:Function A:Monitor	The duty cycle of dynamic regulating during forced operation	unchange
A:Forced Channel B		
Channel C Channel D		
	OK Cance	l <u>D</u> efault <u>I</u> nfo <u>H</u> elp

Fig. 2.18 parameter window "X: Forced"

In this mode, the output will be forced to switch to the set position, and it has the highest priority. The other

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operations will be ignored in this forced mode, which will be activated when the object "forced operation,

regulating "=1 and ends with 0.

Parameter "The duty cycle of dynamic regulating during forced operation"

This parameter defines the value of PWM in forced mode.

Options: Unchange

0 % (OFF) 10 % (26) ... 90 % (230) 100 % (ON)

It will not change the PWM action of the forced operation with "*Unchange*", that is the duty cycle of PWM will retain the same current value.

When it is going back to the normal operation mode from the forced mode that is the forced mode is finished, the relay will carry out the same dynamic action as in the forced mode until it is change by the other operation.

3.4.4 Parameter window "X: Regular"

The window of "X: Regular" in 2.19 will pot out when selecting "enable" in the parameter "function for regular switch is".

1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 fol	d, universal		×
All General Channel A	A:Reg	jular	
A:Function A:Monitor	Time of switch regular in minutes (0255)	10	*
A:Forced A:Regular Channel B	Automatic switch regularly	disable	~
Channel C Channel D			
	OK Cance	I <u>D</u> efault <u>I</u> nfo <u>H</u> elp	

Fig. 2.19 parameter window "X: Regular"

This function can be used to avoid the device's malfunction because of the dust deposits in the valve area,

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which plays a very important role when in the long Unchange switch status. This function can be started by the object *"Trigger switch regularly"* or internally.

Parameter "Time of switch regular in minutes (0...255)"

This parameter defines the time span when the regular switch carry out one action, and whose unit is minute. Options: 0...255

Parameter "Automatic switch regularly"

This parameter defines the time interval of starting the automatic regular switching.

Options: disable

one times per day one times per week one times per month

It will start the time counting of the automatic regular switch function if there is no operation on the relays, and recount as long as the relays have operation.

3.4.5 Parameter window "X: Safety"

The parameter window "X: Safety" in Fig. 2.20 will pop out when selecting "enable" in the parameter "function of safety operation is" in Fig. 2.16.

1.1.6 Switch actuator, 4 fol	d, universal	\mathbf{X}
All General Channel A	A:Saf	ety
A:Function A:Monitor A:Forced A:Regular A:Safety Channel B Channel C Channel D	Setting of safety The duty cycle of dynamic regulating during safety 1 operation The duty cycle of dynamic regulating during safety 2 operation	on parameter-window "General" unchange unchange
	OK Cancel	Default Info Help

Fig. 2.20 Parameter window "X: Safety"

There are 2 "Safety Priority x" (x=1, 2) in the parameter window "All General". The parameter defines the dynamic action of the triggered relay per output. There are 2 individual "Safety Priority x" (x=1, 2) for every

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output, and "*Safety Priority 2*" is prior to "*Safety Priority 1*". That is even if "*Safety Priority 1*" is triggered at the same time with "*Safety Priority 2*", the contact position will follow the instruction of "*Safety Priority 2*". The priority of the safe operation function is only lower to the forced operation function in the system.

Parameter "The duty cycle of dynamic regulating during safety X operation" (x=1,2)

This parameter defines the duty cycle of PWM in the safe operation mode.

Options: 0 % (ON)

10 %(26) ... 90 %(230) 100% (OFF)

Unchange

Explanation of the option "Unchange": It will stay the same dynamic action of the PWM when carrying out the safe mode, which is the duty cycle of PWM remains current status.

During the monitoring time of safe mode (can be set in the parameter window Fig. 2.2), it will restart to count the time from the second cycle when it is interrupted by force. And then enter into the safe operation mode after the safe operation monitoring time in this cycle.

When it is going back to the normal operation mode from the safe operation mode (that is the safe operation mode finishes), the relay will keep the dynamic action under the safe operation, that is the duty cycle of PWM stays the same until interrupted by other operations.

3.5 Communication object "Switch Actuator"

The communication object is a media that the bus talks to the other devices, which means only communication object can have the right to communicate to the bus. More details will be described below.

3.5.1 Communication object "All General"

There are 3 objects in "All General", which plays important role in the regular switch actuator and the dynamic regulating switch. See in Fig. 2.21 and functions are shown in Table 2.1.

Object name	no.	CR	r w ı	U Group addresses	Function	Туре
General	0	~		1	In operation	1 Bit
General	1	~	~	~	safety priority 1	1 Bit
General	2	~	~	~	safety priority 2	1 Bit

Fig. 2.21 communication object "All General"

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Note: "C" in "Flag" column in the below table means that the object has a normal link to the bus; "W" means the object value can be modified via the bus; "R" means the value of the object can be read via the bus; "T" means that a telegram is transmitted when the object value has been modified; "U" means that value response telegrams are interpreted as a write command, the value of the object is updated.

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags					
0	In operation	General	1bit C,R,T						
	This object is always er al working condition.	habled, used to send telegram "I" to the	bus periodically t	o proof the device is under					
1	Safety Priority 1	General	1bit	W,C,U					
Ι	t is able to receive the	lbit telegram from the other devices (su	uch as sensors and	controllers and so on) and					
modif	fy the running condition	n of the other devices by this object. The	other devices will	be judged as malfunction if					
this o	bject doesn't receive t	he relevant telegram for a certain time	e (which will be d	efined in the window "All					
Gener	ral"), and then it will	trigger the set action of "Safety Priori	ty 1" in "X: Safet	y". The priority of "Safety					
Priority 1" is lower only to "Forced operation" and "Safety Priority 2"									
1 1101									

Table2.1 communication object table "All General"

3.5.2 General communication object "Switch Actuator"

1	Communication object	Number	Function	Object Type	Priority	R	W	C	T	U	Parent value
H H	send the switch status ,channel A	3	send the switch status, A	1 Bit	Low			~	~	6	
() ()	Communication object	Number	Function	Object Type	Priority	R	W	C	T	U	Parent value
	reply the switch status ,channel A	3	reply the switch status, A	1 Bit	Low	~		~			
	Communication object	Number	Function	Object Type	Priority	R	W	C	T	U	Parent value
	Output A	4	Switch actuator, A	1 Bit	Low		~	~			

Fig. 2.22 general communication object per output

No.	Function	Object name	Date byte	Flags					
3	send the switch	Output X	1bit	C,T					
	status, X								
Т	his object will be enabled	when selecting "Transmit after char	ige" in the parameter '	Set the reply mode of					
switch	switch status for channel X", which will indicate the contact status (details will be defined by parameter "Object								
value	value of switch status" in "Channel X").								

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	status, X			R,C,T
	status, A			
Т	This object will be enab	bled when selecting "always	respond, after read only" in	the parameter "Set the repl
mode	of muitab status for ab	annel X", which will indicate	the contest status (details)	will be defined by peremeter
noae	of switch status for cha	annel X, which will indicate	e the contact status (details	will be defined by parameter
"Obje	ect value of switch statu	s" in "Channel X").		
-				WG
4	Switch, X	Output X	1bit	W,C

When enabling "*input 0*" in the logic function, the object "*Switch*, X" is used to modify the logic value of "*input 0*", rather than trigger the switch operation.

Table 2.2 general communication table per output

3.5.3 Timing function communication object "Switch Actuator"

	Communication object		Num	bei	Function		Object Ty	pe	Priority	F	RW	С	ΤU
	Output A		5		Output of staircase light	ting,A	1 Bit		Low		~	~	7.9 50
	Communication object	á	Nu	mber	Function		Object	Туре	Priori	ty	R	w	с т и
	Output A	8	5		Switch out with delay	y, A	1 Bit	60 12	Low		an m	~ .	/
	Communication object	Num	ber	Fund	tion	Objec	t Type	Prior	rity F	W	C	T U	
∎¢	Output A	5	25	Swite	ch out with flashing, A	1 Bit		Low		~	~		
	Communication object		Numi	ber	Function		Object Ty	pe	Priority	F	RW	C	ΤU
	Disable function of time A		6		Disable time function, A	27	1 Bit		Low		~	~	8
	Communication object		Num	ber	Function		Object Ty	pe	Priority	F	RW	C	TU
	Warning of staircase lightin	ig, A	7		Warning of staircase , A	4	1 Bit		Low			~	~
	Communication object		Num	ber	Function		Object Ty	/pe	Priority	1	RW	С	ΤU
	staircase duration A		8		Duration of staircase ,	4 I	2 Byte		Low	ŝ	~ ~	~	

Fig. 2.23 "Switch Actuator" timing communication object for every output

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags						
5	Output of staircase lighting , X	Output X	1bit	W,C						
Ι	It is used to switch on the staircase light	ing by this object, which will be enable	ed when sele	cting "staircase						
lightir	ng" in the parameter "The mode of time f	unction".								
5	Switch out with delay, X	Output X	1bit	W,C						
Ι	t is used to switch on the time delay by	this object, which will be enabled when	n selecting "a	lelay switch" in						
the pa	arameter "The mode of time function".									
5	Switch out with flashing, X	Output X	1bit	W,C						
Ι	It is used to switch on the flash output by this object, which will be enabled when selecting "flashing switch"									
in the	parameter "The mode of time function".									

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6	Disable time function, X	Output X	1bit	W,C								
Т	This object will be started only when enabling the time function which can be enabled by this object. It will											
enable	enable the timing function when receiving the value "1"; will disable it when receiving "0". It will not carry out											
the con	ntrolled telegram sent by the time function	on during disabled time until enable the	time function	and restart the								
time co	ounting function. Enable is a default sett	ing after bus voltage recovery.										
7	Warning of staircase , X	Output X	1bit	C,T								
It	will be enable while selecting warning	ng by this object in the parameter "W	Varning mode	for ending of								
stairca	use". It will send "1" to the bus when the	alarm is starting.										
8	8Duration of staircase , XOutputX2ByteR,W,C											
Т	This object will be enabled when selecting "enable" in the parameter "Modify the duration via object											
(060	(060059 seconds)" to modify the duration of the staircase lighting.											

Table 2.3 timing function communication table

3.5.4 Preset function communication object of "Switch Actuator"

Communication object	Number	Function	Object Type	Priority	RWCTU
Output A	9	Call preset 1/2 , A	1 Bit	Low	~ ~
Communication object	Number	Function	Object Type	Priority	RWCTU
Store preset 1/2, A	10	Store preset 1/2, A	1 Bit	Low	~ ~

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
9	Call preset 1/2 , X	Output X	1bit	W,C
,	This object is used to call the	e preset value; call 1 with "(<i>D</i> " and 2 with " <i>1</i> "	
10	Store preset 1/2, X	Output X	1bit	W,C
	t can be used to save the cu with "1".	rrent switch status as the n	ew preset value; save the r	new preset value 1 with "0"

Table 2.4 preset communication objects

3.5.5 Logic function communication object of "Switch Actuator"

	Communication object	Number	Function	Object Type	Priority	RWCTU
⊒ ₽	input 1 of logic , A	11	Input 1 of logic , A	1 Bit	Low	~ ~
111 - 512 	Communication object	Number	Function	Object Type	Priority	RWCTU
	input 2 of logic , A	12	Input 2 of logic , A	1 Bit	Low	~ ~

Fig. 2.25 logic function communication object for every output of "Switch Actuator"

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No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
11	Input 1 of logic , X	Output X	1bit	W,C
Т	his object will be enabled when	selecting "enable" in the param	eter "The input 1 of log	vic is".
12	Input 2 of logic , X	Output X	1bit	W,C
Т	his object will be enabled when	selecting "enable" in the param	eter "The input 2 of log	vic is".

Table 2.5 logic function communication objects

3.5.6 Scene function communication object of "Switch Actuator"

Communication object	Number	Function	Object Type	Priority	RWCTU
Scene A	13	Scene handle, A	1 Byte	Low	~ ~

Fig. 2.25 scene function communication object of "Switch Actuator"

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
13	Scene handle, X	Output X	1Byte	W,C
Ι	t is able to invocate or save the	scene when sending an 8-b	it command by this ob	ject, which will be enabled
when	enabling the scene function. The	e definition of the 8-bit com	mand will be described	l below:
A	Assuming an 8-bit command (bir	nary coding) as: FXNNNN	NN	
		F: invocate	the scene with "0"; say	ve the scene with "1";
		X: 0		
		NNNNN:	scene number (1-64).	
1	1-64 in the parameter setup cor	responds to the scene nun	uber 0-63 received by	the communication object
"Scen	e handle". For example, scene	e 1 in the parameter setur	p has the same output	t result as scene 0 in the
comm	nunication object "Scene handle"			

Table 2.6 scene function communication object "Switch Actuator"

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3.5.7 Threshold function communication object of "Switch Actuator"

Communication object	Number	Function	Object Type	Priority	RWCTU
Threshold 1 change , A	14	Change threshold 1, A	1 Byte	Low	~ ~
Communication object	Number	Function	Object Type	Priority	RWCTU
Threshold input , A	15	Threshold input , A	1 Byte	Low	~ ~

Fig. 2.27 threshold function communication object "Switch Actuator"

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
14	Change threshold 1, X	Output X	1Byte	W,C
Т	his object is used to change the	value of the threshold 1.		
15	Threshold input , X	Output X	1Byte	W,C
Т	his object is used to receive the	threshold sent by other devices.	•	

Table 2.7 threshold function communication object

3.5.8 Forced function communication object "Switch Actuator"

	Communication object	Numbe	er Function	Object Type	Priority	RWCTU
	Forced output , A	16 Fig. 2.28	Forced output , A 6 forced function communica	1 Bit ation object "Switch A	Low ctuator"	~ ~
No.	Function		Object name	Data type		Flags
16	Forced output, X		Output X	1bit		W,C
	This object will be start behaviors will be ignore		e			,
			Table 2.8 forced function co	mmunication abiasta		

Table 2.8 forced function communication objects

3.6 Communication object "Dynamic Regulating Actuator"

3.6.1 General communication object "Dynamic Regulating Actuator"

 Communication object	Number	Function	Object Type	Priority	RW	CTU
Output A	14	continuous of regulating , A	1 Byte	Low	~	~
Output A	4	on-off of regulating , A	1 Bit	Low	~	~
Communication object	Number	Function	Object Type	Priority	RW	CTU
reply status (continuous),1 byte.	. 13	Status (continuous),1 byte, A	1 Byte	Low	~	~
reply status (continuous),1 bit , A	5	Status (continuous),1 bit , A	1 Bit	Low	~	~
 Communication object	Number	Function	Object Type	Priority	RW	CTU
Reply status of contact , A	3	Reply status of contact , A	1 Bit	Low	~	~

Fig. 3.2	9 general	communication	object	"Dynamic	Regulating Ac	tuator"
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No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags
14	continuous of regulating , X	Output X	1Byte	W,C
r	This object will be enabled when selec	ting "1byte (continues)" in the parameter "	'Control telegro	am is received
<i>as</i> ", i	s used to receive the control command	d of 1Byte, with range from 0 to 255: the v	valve will be of	f with "0", on
with '	"255".			
4	on-off of regulating , X	Output X	1bit	W,C
- -	This object will be enabled when se	electing "1bit on-off control" in the para	ameter "Contro	l telegram is
receiv	ved as", to receive the command of 1bi	it: off with "0"; on with "1".		
13	Status (continuous),1 byte, X	Output X	1Byte	R,C,T
r	This object will be enabled when select	cting "yes, continues control value (1byte)	" in the parame	ter "Reply the
status		indicating the running status of the curren	t valve and the	duty cycle of
	s of channel for continuous control", i	indicating the running status of the curren	t valve and the	duty cycle of
PWM	s of channel for continuous control", i I.			
PWM 5	s of channel for continuous control", i 1. Status (continuous),1 bit , X	Output X	1bit	R,C,T
PWM 5	s of channel for continuous control", i 1. Status (continuous),1 bit , X		1bit	R,C,T
PWM 5	s of channel for continuous control", i 1. Status (continuous),1 bit , X This object will be enabled when select	Output X	1bit f or " <i>yes, 0%</i> =	R,C,T '1', otherwise
PWM 5 '0' (1	s of channel for continuous control", i 1. Status (continuous),1 bit , X This object will be enabled when select	Output X cting "yes, 0% = '0', otherwise '1' (1 bit)"	1bit f or " <i>yes, 0%</i> =	R,C,T '1', otherwise
PWM 5 '0' (1 the cu	s of channel for continuous control", i 1. Status (continuous),1 bit , X This object will be enabled when select bit)" in the parameter "Reply the state urrent valve.	Output X cting "yes, 0% = '0', otherwise '1' (1 bit)"	1bit or " <i>yes, 0%</i> = dicating the run	R,C,T <i>'1', otherwise</i> ning status of
PWM 5 '0'(1 the cu	s of channel for continuous control", i 1. Status (continuous),1 bit , X This object will be enabled when select bit)" in the parameter "Reply the state urrent valve. When selecting "yes, $0\% = 0$, otherw	Output X cting "yes, 0% = '0', otherwise '1' (1 bit)" tus of channel for continuous control", inc	1bit or " <i>yes, 0%</i> = dicating the run	R,C,T <i>'1', otherwise</i> ning status of
PWM. 5 '0' (1 the cu "yes,	s of channel for continuous control", i 1. Status (continuous),1 bit , X This object will be enabled when select bit)" in the parameter "Reply the state urrent valve. When selecting "yes, $0\% = 0$, otherw	Output X cting "yes, 0% = '0', otherwise '1' (1 bit)" tus of channel for continuous control", ind ise '1'(1 bit)", the valve will be off with "	1bit or " <i>yes, 0%</i> = dicating the run	R,C,T <i>'1', otherwise</i> ning status of
PWM 5 '0'(1 the cu "yes,	s of channel for continuous control", i 1. Status (continuous),1 bit, X This object will be enabled when select bit)" in the parameter "Reply the state urrent valve. When selecting "yes, $0\% = `0`$, otherw 0% = `1`, otherwise `0`(1 bit)", the value 3 Reply status of contact, X	Output X cting "yes, 0% = '0', otherwise '1' (1 bit)" tus of channel for continuous control", ind ise '1'(1 bit)", the valve will be off with " lve will be off with "1", others with "0"	1bit or "yes, 0% = dicating the run 0", others with 1bit	R,C,T <i>'1', otherwise</i> ning status of <i>"1"</i> ; selecting C,R,T
PWM. 5 '0'(1 the cu "yes,	s of channel for continuous control", i 1. Status (continuous),1 bit , X This object will be enabled when select bit)" in the parameter "Reply the state urrent valve. When selecting "yes, $0\% = `0`$, otherw 0% = `1`, otherwise '0' (1 bit)", the value 3 Reply status of contact, X This object will be enabled when selecting the selecting t	Output Xcting "yes, $0\% = 0$, otherwise '1' (1 bit)"tus of channel for continuous control", indise '1'(1 bit)", the valve will be off with "lve will be off with "1", others with "0"Output X	1bit or "yes, 0% = dicating the run 0", others with 1bit open" or "yes,	R,C,T <i>'1', otherwise</i> ning status of <i>"1"</i> ; selecting C,R,T <i>'0'= contact</i>
PWM 5 '0' (1 the cu "yes, close,	s of channel for continuous control", i 1. Status (continuous),1 bit , X This object will be enabled when select bit)" in the parameter "Reply the state urrent valve. When selecting "yes, $0\% = `0`$, otherw 0% = `1`, otherwise '0' (1 bit)", the value 3 Reply status of contact, X This object will be enabled when selecting the selecting t	Output X cting "yes, $0\% = '0'$, otherwise '1' (1 bit)" tus of channel for continuous control", ind ise '1'(1 bit)", the valve will be off with " lve will be off with "1", others with "0" Output X lecting "'1'= contact close; '0'=contact	1bit or "yes, 0% = dicating the run 0", others with 1bit open" or "yes,	R,C,T <i>'1', otherwise</i> ning status of <i>"1"</i> ; selecting C,R,T <i>'0'= contact</i>

Table 2.9 general communication objects "Dynamic Regulating Actuator"

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3.6.2 Monitoring function object of "Dynamic Regulating Actuator"

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Communication object	Number	Function	Object Type	Priority	R	W	С	T	U
	report fault, A	7	report fault, regulating , A	1 Bit	Low	~		~	~	

Fig. 3.29 monitoring function communication object "Dynamic Regulating Actuator"

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags				
7	report fault, regulating , X	Output X	1bit	C,R,T				
This object is enabled when selecting "enable" in the parameter "sending object 'report fault' is", used to								
check whether the room thermostat is under malfunction or not. It will go into the fault mode with "1".								
Table 2.10 monitoring communication objects "Dynamic Regulating Actuator"								

3.6.3 Forced function communication object "Dynamic Regulating Actuator"

Communication object	Number	Function	Object Type	Priority	RWCTU
forced operation , A	16	forced operation,regulating, A	1 Bit	Low	~ ~

No.	Function	Object name	Data byte	Flags				
16	forced operation, regulating, X	Output X	1bit	W,C				
This object will be started when enabling the forced function. Start the forced mode with "1" and the other								
behaviors will be ignored; end the mode with "0".								

Fig. 3.31 forced function communication object "Dynamic Regulating Actuator"

Table 2.11 forced function communication object "Dynamic Regulating Actuator"

3.6.4 Timing function communication object "Dynamic Regulating Actuator"

Communication object	Number	Function	Object Type	Priority	R	w	C	Т	U
switch regularly , A	10	Trigger switch regularly , A	1 Bit	Low		~	~		

Fig. 3.32 timing function	communication o	biect "Dynamic	Pegulating Actuator"
rig. 5.52 tilling function	communication o	Dynamic Dynamic	Regulating Actuator

No.	Function	Object name	Data type	Flags				
10	Trigger switch regularly, X	Output X	1bit	W, C				
This object will be started when enabling the timing function to trigger the timing. Start the timing function								
with "1", and stop until time is up with "0".								

Table 2.12 timing function communication objects "Dynamic Regulating Actuator"

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4. Priority level description

There are 5 priority levels for the whole system:

Switch actuator function: Forced > Safety Priority 2 > Safety Priority 1 > common switch/

Time/preset/logic/scene/threshold (from highest priority to lowest)

Dynamic regulating switch function: Forced > Safety Priority 2 > Safety Priority 1 > monitor/PWM/continue/on-off/switch regularly (from highest priority to lowest)

Only the higher priority behavior can interrupt the lower priority behavior.